Amendment to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method of forming a nitrogen-containing dielectric film comprising:

incorporating nitrogen into a dielectric film using ammonia (NH₃) gas in a rapid thermal annealing process, wherein an ultra-low pressure is used for the rapid thermal annealing process, wherein the nitrogen incorporated into the dielectric film forms only one nitrogen concentration peak, and wherein the nitrogen concentration peak occurs at the top surface of the dielectric film without forming a tail to the bottom surface of the dielectric film.

- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Previously presented) The method of forming a nitrogen-containing dielectric film of claim 1 wherein the nitrogen incorporated into the dielectric film has a nitrogen concentration equal to or greater than 5%.

App. No. 10/772,893 Dkt No. 8209 USA/FEP/GCM/PJS 4. (Previously presented) The method of forming a nitrogen-containing dielectric film of claim 1 wherein the dielectric film is equal to or less than about 12 angstroms.

5. (Canceled)

- 6. (Previously presented) The method of forming a nitrogen-containing dielectric film of claim 1 wherein the dielectric film is silicon dioxide (SiO₂).
- 7. (Previously presented) The method of forming a nitrogen-containing dielectric film of claim 1 wherein after the nitrogen is incorporated, a silicon oxynitride is formed.
 - 8. (Currently amended) A method of forming a gate stack comprising: forming a silicon dioxide film on a substrate;

incorporating nitrogen into the silicon dioxide film using a rapid thermal annealing process with ammonia (NH₃) gas, the incorporating of nitrogen forming a silicon oxynitride film on the substrate;

continuing the rapid thermal annealing process with ammonia (NH₃) gas for a sufficient amount of time for nitrogen to be incorporated into the silicon dioxide film to form the silicon oxynitride film with a nitrogen concentration of about or more than 5%, wherein the nitrogen incorporated into the silicon dioxide film forms only one nitrogen

App. No. 10/772,893 Dkt No. 8209 USA/FEP/GCM/PJS concentration peak, and wherein the nitrogen concentration peak occurs at the top surface of the silicon dioxide film without forming a tail to the bottom surface of the silicon

dioxide film; and

forming a cap layer on the silicon oxynitride.

9. (Original) The method of forming a gate stack of claim 8 wherein the

rapid thermal annealing process occurs at a temperature between about 900-1100°C.

10. (Previously presented) The method of forming a gate stack of claim 8

further comprising:

subjecting the silicon oxynitride film to a post annealing process after the silicon

oxynitride is formed, wherein the post annealing process occurs at a temperature between

about 1000-1100°C.

11. (Original) The method of forming a gate stack of claim 10 wherein the

post annealing process occurs at a pressure of less than or equal to about 5 Torr.

12. (Currently amended) A method of forming a dielectric film comprising:

incorporating nitrogen into a silicon dioxide film using ammonia (NH₃) gas in a

rapid thermal annealing process, wherein an ultra-low pressure is used for the rapid

thermal annealing process, the incorporating of nitrogen into the silicon dioxide film

forming a silicon oxynitride film, wherein the nitrogen incorporated into the silicon

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dioxide film forms only one nitrogen concentration peak, and wherein the nitrogen

concentration peak occurs at the top surface of the silicon dioxide film without forming a

tail to the bottom surface of the silicon dioxide film; and

post-annealing the silicon oxynitride film after a sufficient amount of nitrogen is

incorporated into the silicon dioxide film.

13. (Canceled)

14. (Original) The method of forming a dielectric film of claim 12 wherein the

nitrogen incorporated into the silicon dioxide film has a nitrogen concentration equal to

or greater than 5%.

15. (Previously presented) The method of forming a dielectric film of claim

12 wherein the silicon dioxide film is equal to or less than about 12 angstroms.

16. (Canceled)

17. (Previously presented) The method of forming a dielectric film of claim

12 further comprising forming the silicon dioxide film.

18. (Currently amended) A method of forming a gate stack comprising:

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Dkt No. 8209 USA/FEP/GCM/PJS Art Unit: 1792 placing a substrate into a first processing chamber of a cluster tool, the cluster tool

having a plurality of processing chambers;

forming a silicon dioxide film on the silicon wafer in the first processing

chamber;

without breaking vacuum, transferring the substrate from the first processing

chamber into a second processing chamber, the second processing chamber capable of

running a rapid thermal annealing process at a reduced pressure;

introducing ammonia (NH₃) gas into the second processing chamber while

maintaining an ultra-low pressure of the second processing chamber to form a silicon

oxynitride film; and

continuing the ammonia (NH₃) gas into the second processing chamber for a

sufficient amount of time for nitrogen to be incorporated into the silicon dioxide film to a

nitrogen concentration of about or more than 5%, wherein the nitrogen incorporated into

the silicon dioxide film forms only one nitrogen concentration peak, and wherein the

nitrogen concentration peak occurs at the top surface of the silicon dioxide film without

forming a tail to the bottom surface of the silicon dioxide film.

19. (Previously presented) The method of forming a gate stack of claim 18

comprising:

maintaining a temperature between about 900-1100°C while the ammonia (NH₃)

gas is being introduced.

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20. (Previously presented) The method of forming a gate stack of claim 18 comprising:

subjecting the substrate to a post annealing process after the silicon oxynitride film is formed, wherein the post annealing process occurs at a temperature between about 1000-1100°C.

21. (Original) The method of forming a gate stack of claim 20 wherein the post annealing process occurs in a third processing chamber.

22. (Original) The method of forming a gate stack of claim 20 wherein the post annealing process occurs at a pressure of about 5 Torr.

23. (Canceled)

24. (Currently amended) A method of treating a dielectric film comprising:

exposing the dielectric film to ammonia (NH₃) gas at an ultra-low pressure; and

subjecting the dielectric film to a rapid thermal annealing process during the

exposing of the dielectric film to the ammonia (NH₃) gas to incorporate nitrogen into the

dielectric film to form a silicon oxynitride film, wherein the nitrogen incorporated into

the dielectric film forms only one nitrogen concentration peak, and wherein the nitrogen

concentration peak occurs at the top surface of the dielectric film without forming a tail

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to the bottom surface of the dielectric film.

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25. (Canceled)

26. (Original) The method of treating a dielectric film of claim 24 wherein the

dielectric film is silicon dioxide (SiO₂).

27. (Previously presented) The method of treating a dielectric film of claim 24

wherein after the nitrogen is incorporated, a silicon oxynitride film is formed.

28. (Original) The method of treating a dielectric film of claim 24 wherein the

rapid thermal annealing process occurs at a temperature between about 900-1100°C.

29. (Previously presented) The method of treating a dielectric film of claim 27

further comprising:

subjecting the silicon oxynitride film to a post annealing process after the silicon

oxynitride film is formed, wherein the post annealing process occurs at a temperature

between about 1000-1100°C.

30. (Original) The method of treating a dielectric film of claim 29 wherein the

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post annealing process occurs at a pressure of less than or equal to about 5 Torr.

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31. (Original) The method of treating a dielectric film of claim 24 wherein the subjecting the dielectric film to the rapid thermal annealing process is continued until a concentration of nitrogen of at least about 5% is incorporated into the dielectric film.

32. (Original) The method of treating a dielectric film of claim 27 further comprising subjecting the silicon oxynitride film to a post-annealing process wherein the silicon oxynitride is post annealed in a non-nitridation atmosphere after a desired concentration of nitrogen is incorporated into the dielectric film.

33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the ultra-low pressure is equal to or less than about 10 Torr.

34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 8, wherein the ultra-low pressure is equal to or less than about 10 Torr.

35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 12, wherein the ultra-low pressure is equal to or less than about 10 Torr.

36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the ultra-low pressure is equal to or less than about 10 Torr.

App. No. 10/772,893 Dkt No. 8209 USA/FEP/GCM/PJS 37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the ultra-low

pressure is equal to or less than about 10 Torr.

38. (Currently amended) A method of forming a nitrogen-containing dielectric

film comprising:

forming a silicon dioxide dielectric film on a substrate; and

incorporating nitrogen into the silicon dioxide dielectric film using a rapid

thermal annealing process with ammonia (NH₃) gas at an ultra-low pressure, wherein the

dielectric film does not comprise nitrogen prior to the rapid thermal annealing process

with ammonia (NH₃) gas.

39. (Currently amended) The method of claim 38, wherein the dielectric film

comprises silicon dioxide, and wherein the rapid thermal annealing process with

ammonia (NH₃) gas forms converts the silicon dioxide dielectric film to a silicon

oxynitride film.

40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 38, wherein the ultra-low

pressure is equal to or less than about 10 Torr.

41. (Currently amended) The method of claim 38, wherein the nitrogen

incorporated into the silicon dioxide dielectric film forms only one nitrogen concentration

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peak, and wherein the nitrogen concentration peak occurs at the top surface of the dielectric film without forming a tail to the bottom surface of the dielectric film.

42. (Currently amended) The method of claim 38, further comprising: continuing the rapid thermal annealing process with ammonia (NH₃) gas for a sufficient amount of time for nitrogen to be incorporated into the <u>silicon dioxide</u> dielectric film with a nitrogen concentration of about or more than 5%.